UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES OF PANDEMIC MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES ON RESIDENTS AND FAMILIES IN ONE LONG-TERM CARE HOME





A PATIENT-SUPPORTED CASE STUDY IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Sabina Staempfli¹, Farinaz Havaei¹, Alison Phinney¹, Maura MacPhee¹



1) School of Nursing, Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia

CONTEXT

- Pandemic management strategies were implemented in March/April 2020¹ to curb the spread of COVID-19 causing widespread devastation in British Columbia long-term care (LTC) homes²
- Strategies included: strictly limiting visitors, rigorous infection prevention and control (IPAC) measures, and limiting staff to working at only one LTC home³
- Crisis decision-making and implementation was rapid due to high risk to residents⁴

AIM OF STUDY

 To evaluate the impact of the pandemic management strategies on the health and well-being of residents and families in one LTC home

METHODS

- Site: Louis Brier Home and Hospital, a publicly-funded non-profit LTC home in the British Columbia lower mainland, 215-beds, 80% residents have some level of cognitive impairment
- Meaningful, active collaboration with residents, families, LTC leaders, and LTC staff via steering committee informing all aspects of a larger mixed methods study



11 family members, 10 residents interviewed Oct-Dec 2020



Interpretive description used to analyze data

RESULTS

VISITATION POLICY

Caused emotional & physical distress for families and residents





Resulted in an absence of care provided by visitors

Decreased opportunities to advocate



Increased communication challenges

OTHER IPAC POLICIES

Decreased resident access to enrichment programs

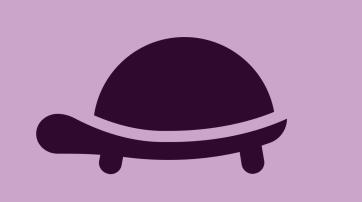




Residents felt locked up

"I just really felt like a prisoner... and I was" - Resident

Slowed down care



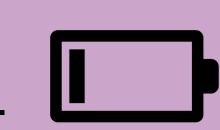
INTERSECTION OF **POLICIES**

IPAC and visitation policies increased staff

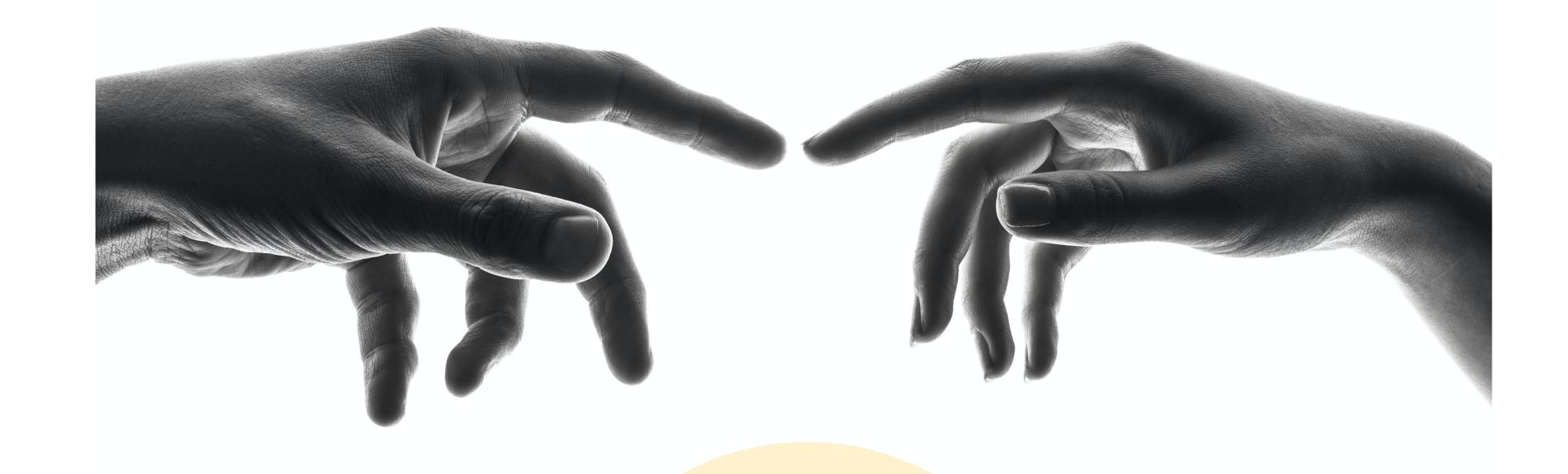


...combined with staffing shortages due to staffing policies...

...cumulatively wore down staff.



"I have seen some of our best best care aides shout and threaten residents... they are at the end of their rope" - Family



RECOMMENDATIONS

EXPAND DEFINITION OF **'ESSENTIAL CAREGIVER'**

CONSIDER HOW INTERSECTING **POLICIES AFFECT** WORKLOAD

INCLUDE **FAMILIES AND** RESIDENTS IN **POLICY** DECISION **PROCESS**

ESTABLISH CLEAR LINES OF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN HOME, STAFF, FAMILY, RESIDENTS

CONSIDER HEALTH **BEYOND THE** MEDICALIZED **DEFINITION**

IMPLICATIONS

Including the perspectives of residents, family, and staff in the creation of LTC policy should become common practice.

If their perspectives had been incorporated early in pandemic management strategy discussions:

- Increased workloads and their effect on care could have been acknowledged and potentially accommodated for within policies
- Their input could help ensure policies go beyond a medicalized definition of health (how many residents contracted or died from the virus), consider the important psychosocial elements of health, especially for older adults, and avoid unintended negative consequences

https://www.cihi.ca/sites/default/files/document/impact-covid-19-longterm-care-canada-first-6-months-report-en.pdf

Just & Variath (2021); doi:10.12927/hcq.2021.26469 https://www.un.org/development/desa/ageing/wpcontent/uploads/sites/24/2020/04/POLICY-BRIEF-ON-COVID19-AND-OLDER-PERSONS.pdf

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors thank the members of the steering committee for their valuable time, input, and guidance throughout this project especially to our resident and family partners Vicki Anderson, Dan Galazka, and Keren Gertsman.

The authors are also grateful to the care home residents and families who generously shared their stories and participated in this study.

Full Article in "Innovation in Aging":





CONTACT INFO

Corresponding Author: Sabina Staempfli sabina.staempfli@ubc.ca Twitter @svstaempfli



Farinaz Havaei Farinaz.havaei@ubc.ca Twitter @FHavaei





